Full Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA)

In order to carry out this assessment, it is important that you have completed the EqIA E-learning Module and read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs. Please refer to these to assist you in completing this form and assessment.

What are the proposals being assessed?	The Council's Core Outcomes
Which Directorate / Service has responsibility for this?	Resources – Strategic Commissioning
Name and job title of lead officer	Rachel Gapp – Corporate Affairs Manager
Name & contact details of the other persons involved in the EqIA:	Alex Dewsnap – Divisional Director Strategic Commissioning Liz Defries – Service Manager Corporate Performance
Date of assessment:	22 nd January 2013

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1. What are the aims, objectives, and desired outcomes of your proposals?

(Explain proposals e.g. reduction / removal of service, deletion of posts, changing criteria etc)

At CSB on 14th March 2012, as part of the discussion on taking forward a commissioning model for the council, CSB requested work to commence on articulating a set of core outcomes for the Council in order to help shift the emphasis on what we do. The development of a set of core outcomes would be based on current service outcomes as defined in commissioning panel papers and the priorities within key current Council plans and strategies. They would therefore reflect current council business rather than a fundamental change in activity. The agreed set of core outcomes would:

- Guide the commissioning and integrated planning process for 13/14 onwards
- Be thematic and cross-council
- Help inform thinking about what is realistic, affordable and the standard to which services should be delivered
- Not be limited to just the things we can easily measure
- Be practical in order to help services prioritise resource allocation and identify areas for decommissioning
- 2. What factors / forces could prevent you from achieving these aims, objectives and outcomes?

Member support

Organisational buy in to the agreed commissioning model for the council

3. Who are the customers? Who will be affected by this proposal? For example who are the external/internal

There are 2 main groups of customers:

Staff and Members, who will use the core outcomes to inform proposals and decisions made during the

customers, communities, partners, stakeholders, the workforce etc.	commissioning and integrated planning process and the service planning process.					
	Residents – the outcomes aim to define more clearly where the council wants to focus its effort and resources on and the difference that residents should see as a result. Changing the emphasis to 'what we do' rather than 'how we do it'					
 4. Is the responsibility shared with another department, authority or organisation? If so: Who are the partners? Who has the overall responsibility? 	All services areas are involved in the delivery of the core outcomes. The nature of the outcomes also means that invariably more than one organisation, locally or nationally has a role to play in affecting a particular outcome. Achievement of the outcomes is not always the sole preserve of the council. Responsibility ultimately therefore has to be shared between the council and its partners.					
4a. How are/will they be involved in this assessment?	At this stage the core outcomes as set out in the Corporate Plan try to articulate the specific contribution that the council can play in delivering them. The next stage of development will be to engage partners in agreeing a set of outcomes that all partners within the borough can collectively work towards.					
referenced to see the measures and d	oed against the protected characteristics below. Appended to this EQIA is a table which can be crossata used to evidence and monitor each core outcome. Many of the core outcomes will benefit all protected eping neighbourhoods clean, green and safe and under united and involved communities.					
Age (including carers of young/older people)	 Ensuring the most vulnerable children, young people and adults are appropriately cared for, safeguarding them from harm and abuse. Families and individuals most in need are helped to access quality, affordable housing, find employment and get out of or avoid poverty. Preventing, managing and improving mental health, particularly of young children and teenagers. Harrow residents are supported to live as independently as possible. 					

	 Reduce the gap between educational attainments of the more vulnerable and disadvantaged groups of young people and the general child population. Residents are supported to have the necessary skills and education to be able to access employment, apprenticeships or training opportunities.
	 Ensuring the most vulnerable children, young people and adults are appropriately cared for, safeguarding them from harm and abuse.
	 Families and individuals most in need are helped to access quality, affordable housing, find employment and get out of or avoid poverty.
Disability (including carers of disabled people)	Harrow residents are supported to live as independently as possible.
	 Residents are supported to have the necessary skills and education to be able to access employment, apprenticeships or training opportunities.
	Increased participation in art, sport, leisure and cultural activities.
	 Encourage a diverse range of voluntary, community and third sector organisations capable of providing local public services and optimising social capital in Harrow
Gender Reassignment	Preventing, managing and improving mental health, particularly of young children and teenagers.
Marriage / Civil Partnership	 Families and individuals most in need are helped to access quality, affordable housing, find employment and get out of or avoid poverty.
	Preventing, managing and improving mental health, particularly of young children and teenagers.
Pregnancy and Maternity	 Increase life expectancy by reducing health inequalities, preventing ill health and managing long term conditions.

 employment, apprenticeships or training opportunities. Families and individuals most in need are helped to access quality, affordable housing, find employment and get out of or avoid poverty. Increase life expectancy by reducing health inequalities, preventing ill health and managing long term conditions. Reduce the gap between educational attainments of the more vulnerable and disadvantaged groups of young people and the general child population.
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 Families and individuals most in need are helped to access quality, affordable housing, find employment and get out of or avoid poverty.
 Increase life expectancy by reducing health inequalities, preventing ill health and managing long term conditions.
Reduce the gap between educational attainments of the more vulnerable and disadvantaged groups of young people and the general child population.

6. If you have insufficient data on any of the protected characteristics, is there any other (local, regional, national research, reports, media) data sources that can inform this assessment?

Include this data (facts, figures, evidence, key findings) in this section.

Where appropriate, measures will include data on one or more of the nine protected characteristics however, not all monitoring collected at this level involves data about people (for example, the amount of rubbish that is recycled). Surveys of residents' satisfaction with Council services, for example, the Improvement Tracker, involve a sample of residents that is representative of the demography of the Borough.

7. Have you undertaken any cons unions, community / voluntary gro	Yes	Х	No				
Who was consulted?	What consultation methods were used?	What do the results show about the impact on different equality groups (protected characteristics)?	What ac result of This ma your pro mitigate	the co y inclu- posals	nsultat de revi , steps	ion? sing to	take as a
CSB and other senior officers were engaged through face-to- face meetings. CSB and Members were engaged in the drafting process CSB and other senior officers were engaged through face-to- face meetings. Members were consulted using workshops and voting process at the Labour group policy day in July 2012. Reports were then taken to CSB, CLG and Leadership for consideration The core outcomes were amended as a result of the engagement process. I was also agreed that they would be used to guide the commissioning and integrated planning process and be reflected in the corporate plan.							

Stage 3: Assessing Impact and Analysis

8. What does your information tell you about the impact on different groups? Consider whether the evidence shows potential for differential impact, if so state whether this is an adverse or positive impact? How likely is this to happen? How you will mitigate/remove any adverse impact?

The agreement to a set of core outcomes only provides guiding principles for budget and service planning decisions. There will therefore be no direct equalities implications arising from the decision to establish a set of core outcomes. The impact will arise from the specific budget and service planning decisions taken subsequently, each of which will have their own separate EQIA. Impact will also be assessed as part of the overall budget EQIA.

Protected Characteristic	Positive	Adverse	Explain what this impact is now likely it is to	What measures can you take to eliminate or reduce the adverse impact(s)? E.g. consultation,
			happen and the extent of impact in it was to occur.	research, implement equality monitoring etc
Age (including				

carers of						
young/older						
people)						
Disability						
(including						
carers of						
disabled						
people)						
Gender						
Reassignment						
Marriage and						
Civil						
Partnership						
Pregnancy and						
Maternity						
Race						
Religion or Belief						
Sex						
Sexual						
Orientation						
Other (please						
state)						
			f any cumulative impact?	Please refer to the Bu	udget EQIA	
For example, wher	conductin	g a major re	view of services. This would			
			evant information to			
understand the cur	nulative eff	ect of all of	the decisions.			
					Duty (PSED), which requires the Council to have due	
•	discrimina	tion, harassı	ment and victimisation, advan	ce equality of opportur	nity and foster good relations between different	
groups.						

harassment and other conduct	Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010 Advance equality of between people from groups				Foster good relat people from diff		en to meet		s you can take equirements?
Please refer to t	he Budget EQI	A							
_		-	• •	•	tected group being I victimisation and		• "		•
	Age (including carers)	Disability (including carers)	Gender Reassignment	Marriage and Civil Partnership	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation
Yes									
No	X	X	X	X	ere may be for this	X	X	X	X
and whether the disadvantage is proportionate to the need to meet these aims. (You are encouraged to seek legal advice, if you are concerned that the proposal may breach the equality legislation or you are unsure whether there is objective justification for the proposal) If the analysis shows the potential for serious adverse impact or disadvantage (or potential discrimination) but you have identified a potential justification for this, this information must be presented to the decision maker for a final decision to be made on whether the disadvantage is proportionate to achieve the aims of the proposal. If there are adverse effects that are not justified and cannot be mitigated, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4) If the analysis shows unlawful conduct under the equalities legislation, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)									
Stage 4: Decision 12. Please indicate which of the following statements best describes the outcome of your EqIA (tick one box only) Outcome 1 – No change required: when the EqIA has not identified any potential for unlawful conduct or adverse impact and all opportunities to enhance equality are being addressed.									
	ice equality hav	e been identi	/ mitigate adverse fied by the EqIA. ess this in the						

Improve ment Action Plan at Chara F	
Improvement Action Plan at Stage 5	
Outcome 3 – Continue with proposals despite having	
identified potential for adverse impact or missed opportunities	
to enhance equality. In this case, the justification needs to be	
included in the EgIA and should be in line with the PSED to	
have 'due regard'. In some cases, compelling reasons will be	
needed. You should also consider whether there are sufficient	
plans to reduce the adverse impact and/or plans to monitor	
the impact.	
Outcome 4 – Stop and rethink: when there is potential for	
serious adverse impact or disadvantage to one or more	
protected groups.	
12a. If your EqIA is assessed as outcome 3 or have ticked	N/A
'yes' in Q11, explain your justification with full reasoning to	
continue with your proposals.	

Stage 5: Making Adjustments (Improvement Action Plan)

13. List below any actions you plan to take as a result of this impact assessment. This should include any actions identified throughout the EqIA.

Please refer to the Budget EQIA

Area of potential adverse impact e.g. Race, Disability	Action proposed	Desired Outcome	Target Date	Lead Officer	Progress
Does it impact on Age, Disability etc	What activity is needed to address the issues identified?	Who is the officer responsible for taking forward this action?	When will this be completed? (This needs to be realistic but challenging. If you have identified various actions, you will need to prioritise)	Are there any resource implications? How much will this action cost? Do you have budgets for this?	Will it be subject to an ongoing review? Will it be feature in an action plan?

Stage 6 - Monitoring

The full impact of the decision may only be known after the proposals have been implemented, it is therefore important to ensure effective monitoring measures are in place to assess the impact.

14. How will you monitor the impact of the proposals once they have been implemented? How often will you do this?	Impact will be monitored through the budget monitoring and Improvement Board process which reports through to CSB and Cabinet on a quarterly basis.				
15 . Do you currently monitor this function / service? Do you know who your service users are?	Yes	Х	No		
16 . What monitoring measures need to be introduced to ensure effective monitoring of your proposals?	Appended to the Corporate Plan is a detailed set of measures covering trend data, outcome and output measures that we will use to monitor how effective we have been at delivering against the core outcomes				
17. How will the results of any monitoring be analysed, reported and publicised?	Impact will be monitored and analysed through the Improvement Board process which reports through to CSB and Cabinet on a quarterly basis.				
18. Have you received any complaints or compliments about the policy, service, function, project or proposals being assessed? If so, provide details					

Stage 7 – Reporting outcomes

The completed EqIA must be attached to all committee reports and a summary of the key findings included in the relevant section within them.

EqIA's will also be published on the Council's website and made available to members of the public on request.

19. Summary of the assessment						
NOTE: This section can also be used in ensure the full EqIA is available as a bac makers (Cabinet, Overview and Scrutiny) What are the key impacts – both adve Are there any particular groups affect Do you suggest proceeding with your impact has been identified? If yes, why what course of action are you advising the suggestion of the	kground paper for the decision, CSB etc) erse and positive? ed more than others? proposals although an adverse hat are your justifications for this?	Plea	ase refer to the Budget EQIA			
20 . How will the impact assessment be publicised? E.g. Council website, intranet, forums, groups etc	The EQIA will be available on the council web-site and shared with staff					
Stage 8 - Organisational sign off (to be completed by Chair of Departmental Equalities Task Group)						
The completed EqIA needs to be sent to the chair of your Departmental Equalities Task Group (DETG) to be signed off.						
21. Which group or committee considered, reviewed and agreed the EqIA and the Improvement Action Plan?	esources/Corporate Equality Task Group					

Signed: (Chair of DETG)

Date:

Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA)

Date:

Rachel Gapp

24th January 2013

Alex Dewsnap

24th January 2013